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Unknown

International Application No.
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Attorney's Office No.
WALNG1.001APC

Date: June 22, 2001

Page 1



**TRANSMITTAL LETTER TO THE UNITED STATES DESIGNATED/ELECTED OFFICE (DO/EO/US)
CONCERNING A FILING UNDER 35 USC 371**

International Application No.: PCT/EP99/10377
International Filing Date: December 23, 1999
Priority Date Claimed: December 23, 1998
Title of Invention: METHOD FOR PROCESSING DATA OBJECTS
Applicant(s) for DO/EO/US: Karl-Heinz Sternemann

Applicant herewith submits to the United States Designated/Elected Office (DO/EO/US) the following items and other information:

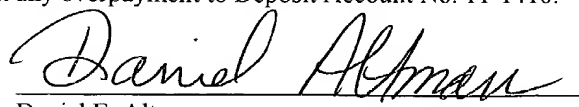
- (X) This is a **FIRST** submission of items concerning a filing under 35 USC 371.
- (X) This express request to begin national examination procedures (35 USC 371(f)) at any time rather than delay examination until the expiration of the applicable time limit set in 35 USC 371(b) and PCT Articles 22 and 39(1).
- (X) A proper Demand for International Preliminary Examination was made by the 19th month from the earliest claimed priority date.
- (X) A copy of the International Application as filed (35 USC 371(c)(2)) has been transmitted by the International Bureau.
- (X) Amendments to the claims of the International Application under PCT Article 19 (35 USC 371(c)(3)) have not been made and will not be made.
- (X) International Application as published.
- (X) A return prepaid postcard.
- (X) The following fees are submitted:

BASIC FEE

\$860

- (X) The fee for submission of the translation of the international application or any annexes to the IPER set forth in 37 CFR 1.492(f) will be paid upon submission of those items.
- (X) The fee for later submission of the signed oath or declaration set forth in 37 CFR 1.492(e) will be paid upon submission of the declaration.
- (X) Any excess claims fees will be paid at the time of submission of the declaration.
- (X) A check in the amount of \$860 to cover the above fees is enclosed. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge **only those additional fees** which may be required, now or in the future, **to avoid abandonment** of the application, or credit any overpayment to Deposit Account No. 11-1410.

SEND ALL CORRESPONDENCE TO:


Daniel E. Altman
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WALNG1.001APC

PTO/PCT Rec'd 11 FEB 2002

PATENT

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Applicant : Karl-Heinz Sternemann) Group Art Unit Unknown
Appl. No. : 09/869,182)
Filed : June 22, 2001)
For : METHOD FOR PROCESSING)
DATA OBJECTS)
Examiner : Unknown)

PRELIMINARY AMENDMENT

United States Patent and Trademark Office
P.O. Box 2327
Arlington, VA 22202

Dear Sir:

Prior to examination of the above-captioned application, please amend the application as follows:

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the heading on page 1, immediately before the first paragraph, as follows:

Field of the Invention

Please add the following heading on page 1, between the first and second paragraphs:

Description of the Related Technology

Please add the following heading on page 1, between the second and third paragraphs:

Summary of Certain Inventive Aspects

The fourth paragraph on page 1 has been amended as follows:

A method for processing data objects, which are arranged in a data space, provides a multidimensional information space with discrete storage locations that represent information objects. Each information object is derived from an information basic object and contains at

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least one index specification which is characteristic for the position of the data object in the data space. In addition, each information object has at least one attribute specification for at least one virtual dimension of the information space. The information object can be identified in the information space using a processor of a computing device. Processing of the data object can be prompted by at least one instruction record.

Please add the following heading on page 23, between lines 24 and 25:

Brief Description of the Drawings

Please add the following heading on page 25, before line 1:

Detailed Description of Certain inventive Embodiments

Please add the following heading on page 37, before line 1:

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

IN THE ABSTRACT

Please add an abstract on a separate sheet that is attached to this amendment.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please amend the claims as follows:

1. (Amended) A procedure for processing data objects with:
 - a data space, in which data objects are arranged;
 - a multi-dimensional information space that has at least two virtual dimensions and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension;
 - whereby said information space has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations suitable to represent information objects;
 - whereby each of said information objects represent at least one information base-object and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

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at least one pointer data that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object in the data space; and

at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object; and

wherein at least one computing device controlled by at least one processor is provided, with which said information object in said information space is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object in accordance with said instruction set can be caused.

2. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein,

at least one virtual dimension is hierarchically structured, whereby a position of an information object within the hierarchy is preferably defined by said property data of said information object.

3. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

said information base object has at least one property data for substantially every virtual dimension, whereby for several virtual dimensions said property data can be represented as a property vector.

4. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

said instruction set, of which there is at least one, is taken from a group of instruction sets, which comprise base, organization, request, creation, modification, searching, playback, representation, printing, generating, execution, control, interaction, calculation, evaluation, regulation, play instruction sets.

5. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

said procedure can be influenced by transferring at least one control vector comprising at least one address vector, whereby said address vector is characteristic for a position of one instruction set.

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6. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 5, wherein
said control vector comprises at least one instruction vector that is characteristic
for at least one predefined instruction set.
7. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 5, wherein
said control vector comprises at least one property vector, which characterizes at
least one part of said information space.
8. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
upon transfer of a control vector and a pointer data the following procedural steps
are executed for the creation of an information object:
 - a) Separating said control vector into at least one address vector and
one instruction vector in a separating device;
 - b) Call-up of an instruction set characterized by said instruction
vector;
 - c) Derivation of a property vector for a data object with said
processor device;
 - d) Generation of an information object from said pointer data and said
property vector with said processor device;
 - e) Saving said information object in said information space.
9. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
upon transfer of a control vector and a data object the following procedural steps
are executed for the creation of an information object:
 - a) Separating said control vector into at least an address vector and at
least an instruction vector in a separating device;
 - b) Call-up of an instruction set that is characterized by said
instruction vector;
 - c) Derivation of a property vector for said data object with said
processor device;

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- d) Saving said data object in said data space and derivation of a pointer data;
- e) Generation of an information object from said pointer and said property vector with said processor device;
- f) Saving said information object in said information space.

10. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein upon transfer of a control vector the following procedural steps are executed for locating an information object

- a) Separating said control vector into at least an address vector, at least an instruction vector and at least a property vector in a separating device;
- b) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data for substantially every virtual dimension in said processor device;
- c) Separating said property vector in said processor device into said property data for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector, and overwriting said property data of said processing vector with said the property data of said property vector;
- d) Generation of an empty result list;
- e) Execution of a search for information objects in said information space, which substantially have corresponding property vectors by comparing for substantially every virtual dimension said property data with said property data in said processing vector;
- f) Addition of a reference to an information object to said result list, if substantially all said property data substantially correspond;
- g) Generation and output of a result file substantially containing all elements of said result list.

11. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein said procedure is executed on a first computing device, whereby a user can control said process from a second computing device that is connected with said first computing device via at least one data connection.

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12. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
said information space contains at least one virtual type dimension, whereby at least one type data about a type of corresponding data object is contained in said virtual type dimension for substantially every information object.
13. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
for at least one information object at least one type data is derived from said pointer data of said data object, whereby in a separating device said pointer data of said data object is separated into name elements and said at least one type data is derived from at least one characteristic name element.
14. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
for at least one information object at least one type data is derived from at least one part of the contents of said data object, whereby in said separating device at least a part of said contents of said data object is separated into content elements and said at least one type data is derived from at least one characteristic content element.
15. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
at least one information object contains at least one further object data taken from a group of object data, which contains at least one data of time, generation, time interval, validity, frequency, owner, group, access right, read right, write right, modification right, execution data.
16. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
said object type of said data object is taken from a group of object types containing various known data formats types of text files, picture files, graphic files, spreadsheet files, CAD files, program files, audio files, video files.
17. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

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for at least one information object at least one description field is provided that is accessible via said information object, whereby said description field serves for receiving at least one characterizing data of said information object.

18. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
an information object can have at least one connection to at least one further information object, thus enabling a navigation between connected information objects.
19. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
for at least one information object, a content of at least one description field of said information object is separated in a separating device into at least one characteristic data, and at least one characteristic content data is defined.
20. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
at least one first characteristic content data of an information object is compared, in a comparison device, with at least one second characteristic content data of at least one other information object, whereby on match of said first and second characteristic content data a connection of said information object to said other information object is generated.
21. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
at least one virtual connection space is provided with at least two connection dimensions containing discrete memory locations, whereby said memory locations are created in such a way that said memory locations contain at least one connection data for characterizing at least unidirectional relationships between different information objects.
22. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 21, wherein
said at least one virtual connection space has at least a two-dimensional connection table, whereby within at least one part of the rows, every row represents a different information object, and whereby, within at least one part of said columns, every column represents a different information object.

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23. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein
upon transfer of a control vector said following procedural steps for navigation in
said information system are executed:

- a) Separating said control vector into at least an address vector and at least an instruction vector in a separating device;
- b) Derivation of a property vector from said control vector;
- c) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data for substantially every virtual dimension in said processor device;
- d) Separating of said property vector in said processor device into said property data for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector, and overwriting said property data of said processing vector with said property data of said property vector;
- e) Generation of an empty search list;
- f) Execution of a search for information objects in said information space, which substantially have corresponding property vectors, in which for substantially every virtual dimension said property data are compared to said property data in said processing vector;
- g) Addition of a reference to an information object to said search list, if substantially all said property data substantially match;
- h) Generation of an empty result list;
- i) Execution of a search for substantially every element of said search list according to information objects in said connection space, which is connected with said information object, that is represented by said element, in at least a unidirectional way;
- j) Addition of a reference to an information object to said result list, if at least one unidirectional connection exists;
- k) Creation and output of a result file, which substantially contains all said elements of said result list.

24. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

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at least one information object can include at least one information element, whereby said information element can represent at least one information object.

25. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 11, wherein

said data connection is taken from a group of data connections containing data connections via telephone lines, radio, network, internet, cable, and virtual data connections.

26. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 25, wherein

a connection protocol is used for controlling said data connection, wherein said connection protocol is taken from a group of connection protocols containing serial connections and connection protocols such as TCP/IP, UUCP, UDP, NETBIOS, NETBEUI.

27. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

at least one protocol is used with said connection protocol, that contains interface protocols and service protocols such as http, ftp, ntp, smtp, pop, imap, OLE, ActiveX, COM, DCOM, RMI, ODBC, JINI, STEP, DTD, SQL, ADO, as well as standardizations according to CORBA.

28. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

said data object is stored in said data sphere or in a database.

29. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 23, wherein

for at least three virtual dimensions a virtual connection space is provided.

30. (Amended) The procedure according to claim 1, wherein

at least one connection data contains a parameter relating to a connection intensity.

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31. (Amended) A computer readable medium containing a program for a procedure for processing data objects with:

a data space, in which data objects are arranged;

a multi-dimensional information space that has at least two virtual dimensions and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension;

whereby said information space has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations suitable to represent information objects;

whereby each of said information objects represent at least one information base-object and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

at least one pointer data that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object in the data space; and

at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object;

wherein at least one computing device controlled by at least one processor is provided, with which said information object in said information space is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object in accordance with said instruction set can be caused, wherein said procedural steps are included in at least one instruction set stored in said data carrier.

32. (Amended) A computing device, comprising:

at least a processor device; and

at least a memory device;

whereby said individual components of said computing device are arranged in a spatially adjacent or spatially distributed way;

whereby said computing device is suitable to execute a procedure for processing data objects with:

a data space, in which data objects are arranged;

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a multi-dimensional information space that has at least two virtual dimensions and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension;

whereby said information space has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations suitable to represent information objects;

whereby each of said information objects represent at least one information base-object and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

at least one pointer data that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object in the data space; and

at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object; and

wherein at least one computing device controlled by at least one processor is provided, with which said information object in said information space is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object in accordance with said instruction set can be caused.

REMARKS

The foregoing amendments are to more closely conform the application to U.S. practice. No new matter is added. Entry of the amendments is respectfully requested.

The specific changes to the specification and the claims are shown on a separate set of pages attached hereto and entitled **VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES**


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MADE, which follows the signature page of this Preliminary Amendment. On this set of pages, the insertions are underlined while the ~~deletions are struck through~~.

Respectfully submitted,

KNOBBE, MARTENS, OLSON & BEAR, LLP

Dated: 2/7/02

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VERSION WITH MARKINGS TO SHOW CHANGES MADE

IN THE SPECIFICATION:

The heading on page 1, immediately before the first paragraph, has been amended as follows:

~~Description~~ Field of the Invention

The fourth paragraph on page 1 has been amended as follows:

~~The procedure in accordance with the invention is subject to the claim 1. Beneficial developments are subject to the sub claims.~~ A method for processing data objects, which are arranged in a data space, provides a multidimensional information space with discrete storage locations that represent information objects. Each information object is derived from an information basic object and contains at least one index specification which is characteristic for the position of the data object in the data space. In addition, each information object has at least one attribute specification for at least one virtual dimension of the information space. The information object can be identified in the information space using a processor of a computing device. Processing of the data object can be prompted by at least one instruction record.

IN THE CLAIMS:

The claims have been amended as follows:

1. (Amended) A p~~Procedure for the processing of~~ data objects with:
 - a data space~~(6)~~, in which data objects ~~(19)~~ are arranged;
 - a multi-dimensional information space ~~(5)~~ that has at least two virtual dimensions ~~(X, Y)~~ and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension ~~(Z)~~;
 - whereby said information space ~~(5)~~ has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations ~~(7)~~ suitable to represent information objects~~(7)~~;
 - whereby each of said information objects ~~(7)~~ represent at least one information base-object ~~(7)~~ and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

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at least one pointer data (9) that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object (19) in the data space (6); and

at least one property data (14) for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions (8) is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object (19); and

wherein, ~~furthermore~~, at least one computing device (20) controlled by at least one processor (10) is provided, with which said information object (7) in said information space (5) is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object (19) in accordance with said instruction set can be caused.

2. (Amended) PThe procedure according to claim 1, wherein,

at least one virtual dimension (21) is hierarchically structured, whereby a position of an information object (7) within the hierarchy is preferably defined by said property data (14) of said information object (7).

3. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~
wherein

said information base object (7) has at least one property data (14) for substantially every virtual dimension, whereby for several virtual dimensions said property data (14) can be represented as a property vector.

4. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~
wherein

said instruction set (8), of which there is at least one, is taken from a group of instruction sets, which comprise base, organization, request (70), creation, modification, searching, playback, representation, printing, generating, execution, control, interaction, calculation, evaluation, regulation, play instruction sets, ~~and the like~~.

5. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~
wherein

said procedure can be influenced by transferring at least one control vector (49) comprising at least one address vector (70), whereby said address vector is characteristic for a position of one instruction set (8).

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6. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 5,
wherein

said control vector (49) comprises at least one instruction vector (14) that is characteristic for at least one predefined instruction set (8).

7. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 5,~~
wherein

said control vector (49) comprises at least one property vector (14), which characterizes at least one part (30) of said information space (5).

8. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1,
wherein

upon transfer of a control vector (49)—and a pointer data (9)—the following procedural steps are executed for the creation of an information object (7):

- a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least one address vector (49) and one instruction vector in a separating device;
- b) Call-up of an instruction set (8) characterized by said instruction vector;
- c) Derivation of a property vector (14) for a data object with said processor device (10);
- d) Generation of an information object (7) from said pointer data and said property vector (14) with said processor device (10);
- e) Saving said information object (7) in said information space (5).

9. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~
wherein

upon transfer of a control vector (49) and a data object (49) the following procedural steps are executed for the creation of an information object (7):

- a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector (49) and at least an instruction vector in a separating device (10);
- b) Call-up of an instruction set (8) that is characterized by said instruction vector;
- c) Derivation of a property vector (14) for said data object (19) with said processor device (10);

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d) Saving said data object (19) in said data space (6) and derivation of a pointer data (9);

e) Generation of an information object (7) from said pointer (9) and said property vector (14) with said processor device (10);

f) Saving said information object (7) in said information space (5).

10. (Amended) The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

upon transfer of a control vector (49) the following procedural ~~Steps~~ steps are executed for locating an information object (7)

a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector (49), at least an instruction vector and at least a property vector (14) in a separating device;

b) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data (14) for substantially every virtual dimension in said processor device (10);

c) Separating said property vector (14) in said processor device (10) into said property data (14a) for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector (14), and overwriting said property data (14a) of said processing vector with said the property data of said property vector;

d) Generation of an empty result list;

e) Execution of a search for information objects (7) in said information space (5), which substantially have corresponding property vectors (14) by comparing for substantially every virtual dimension said property data (14a) with said property data (14) in said processing vector;

f) Addition of a reference (87) to an information object (7) to said result list (82), if substantially all said property data (14a) substantially correspond;

g) Generation and output of a result file (82) substantially containing all elements of said result list.

11. (Amended) The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

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said procedure is executed on a first computing device-(20), whereby a user can control said process from a second computing device (3)-that is connected with said first computing device via at least one data connection-(18).

12. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1, wherein

said information space (5)-contains at least one virtual type dimension-(61a), whereby at least one type data (61b)-about a type of corresponding data object (19)-is contained in said virtual type dimension for substantially every in-formation object-(7).

13. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1, wherein

for at least one information object (7)-at least one type data (61b)-is derived from said pointer data (9)-of said data object-(19), whereby in a separating device (10)-said pointer data (9)-of said data object (19)-is separated into name elements and said at least one type data (61b)-is derived from at least one characteristic name element.

14. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1, wherein

for at least one information object (7)-at least one type data (61b)-is derived from at least one part of the contents of said data object-(19), whereby in said separating device (10)-at least a part of said contents of said data object (19)-is separated into content elements and said at least one type data (61b)-is derived from at least one characteristic content element.

15. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1, wherein

at least one information object (7)-contains at least one further object data taken from a group of object data, which contains at least one data of time, generation, time interval, validity, frequency, owner, group, access right, read right, write right, modification right, execution data, and the like.

16. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1, wherein

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said object type of said data object ~~(19)~~ is taken from a group of object types containing various known data formats types of text files, picture files, graphic files, spread-sheet files, CAD files, program files, audio files, video files.

17. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

for at least one information object ~~(7)~~ at least one description field ~~(62a)~~ is provided that is accessible via said information object ~~(7)~~, whereby said description field ~~(62a)~~ serves for receiving at least one characterizing data of said information object ~~(7)~~.

18. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

an information object ~~(7)~~ can have at least one connection ~~(43)~~ to at least one further information object ~~(7)~~, thus enabling a navigation between connected information objects.

19. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

for at least one information object ~~(7)~~, a content of at least one description field ~~(62a)~~ of said information object is separated in a separating device ~~(10)~~ into at least one characteristic data, and at least one characteristic content data is defined.

20. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

at least one first characteristic content data of an information object ~~(7)~~ is compared, in a comparison device ~~(10)~~, with at least one second characteristic content data of at least one other information object ~~(7)~~, whereby on match of said first and second characteristic content data a connection ~~(43)~~ of said information object ~~(7)~~ to said other in-formation object ~~(7)~~ is generated.

21. (Amended) PThe procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

at least one virtual connection space ~~(40)~~ is provided with at least two connection dimensions ~~(41, 42)~~ containing discrete memory locations, whereby said memory locations are created in such a way that said memory locations contain at least one

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connection data (43) for characterizing at least unidirectional relationships between different information objects (7).

22. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 21,~~ wherein

said at least one virtual connection space (40) has at least a two-dimensional connection table, whereby within at least one part of the rows (41), every row represents a different information object (7), and whereby, within at least one part of said columns (42), every column represents a different information object (7).

23. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

upon transfer of a control vector (49) said following procedural steps for navigation in said information system are executed:

- a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector and at least an instruction vector in a separating device (10);
- b) Derivation of a property vector (14) from said control vector (49);
- c) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data (14a) for substantially every virtual dimension (61, 62, 63) in said processor device (10);
- d) Separating of said property vector (14) in said processor device (10) into said property data (14a) for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector (14), and overwriting said property data (14a) of said processing vector with said property data (14a) of said property vector (14);
- e) Generation of an empty search list;
- f) Execution of a search for information objects (7) in said information space (5), which substantially have corresponding property vectors (14a), in which for substantially every virtual dimension (61, 62, 63) said property data (14a) are compared to said property data (14a) in said processing vector;
- g) Addition of a reference to an information object (7) to said search list, if substantially all said property data (14a) substantially match;
- h) Generation of an empty result list;

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i) Execution of a search for substantially every element of said search list according to information objects ~~(7)~~ in said connection space ~~(40)~~, which is connected with said information object ~~(7)~~, that is represented by said element, in at least a unidirectional way;

j) Addition of a reference ~~(87)~~ to an information object ~~(7)~~ to said result list ~~(87)~~, if at least one unidirectional connection ~~(43)~~ exists;

k) Creation and output of a result file ~~(82)~~, which substantially contains all said elements ~~(87)~~ of said result list ~~(82)~~;

24. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

at least one information object ~~(7)~~ can include at least one information element ~~(31)~~, whereby said information element ~~(31)~~ can represent at least one information object ~~(7)~~.

25. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 11,~~ wherein

said data connection ~~(18)~~ is taken from a group of data connections containing data connections via telephone lines, radio, network, internet, cable, and virtual data connections, ~~and the like.~~

26. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 25,~~ wherein

a connection protocol is used for controlling said data connection ~~(18)~~, wherein said connection protocol is taken from a group of connection protocols containing serial connections and connection protocols such as TCP/IP, UUCP, UDP, NETBIOS, NETBEUI ~~and other standardized connection protocols.~~

27. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims 1,~~ wherein

at least one protocol is used with said connection protocol, that contains interface protocols and service protocols such as http, ftp, ntp, smtp, pop, imap, OLE, ActiveX, COM, DCOM, RMI, ODBC, JINI, STEP, DTD, SQL, ADO, as well as standardizations according to CORBA ~~and the like.~~

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28. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1,
wherein

said data object ~~(19)~~ is stored in said data sphere or in a ~~conventional~~ database
~~(13)~~, as is state of the art.

29. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 23,
wherein

for at least three virtual dimensions ~~(61, 62, 63)~~ a virtual connection space ~~(40)~~ is
provided.

30. (Amended) ~~P~~The procedure according to ~~at least one of the preceding claims~~ 1,
wherein

at least one connection data ~~(43)~~ contains a parameter relating to a connection
intensity.

31. (Amended) A computer readable medium containing a program for Data carrier
~~for said execution of said a procedure according to at least one of said preceding claims,~~
~~characterized in that~~ for processing data objects with:

a data space, in which data objects are arranged;

a multi-dimensional information space that has at least two virtual dimensions and
preferably also at least one third virtual dimension;

whereby said information space has in at least one dimension a large amount of
discrete memory locations suitable to represent information objects;

whereby each of said information objects represent at least one information
base-object and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following
properties:

at least one pointer data that is characteristic for the position of at least one
data object in the data space; and

at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of said
information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction for
the processing of said data object;

wherein at least one computing device controlled by at least one processor is
provided, with which said information object in said information space is identifiable.

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and by which the processing of said data object in accordance with said instruction set can be caused, wherein said procedural steps are included in at least one instruction set stored in said data carrier.

32. (Amended) A cComputing device, ~~consisting of~~comprising:

at least a processor device; and

at least a memory device;

whereby said individual components of said computing device are arranged in a spatially adjacent or spatially distributed way;

whereby said computing device is suitable to execute a procedure ~~in accordance with at least one of said claims 1 to 30~~ for processing data objects with:

a data space, in which data objects are arranged;

a multi-dimensional information space that has at least two virtual dimensions and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension;

whereby said information space has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations suitable to represent information objects;

whereby each of said information objects represent at least one information base-object and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

at least one pointer data that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object in the data space; and

at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object; and

wherein at least one computing device controlled by at least one processor is provided, with which said information object in said information space is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object in accordance with said instruction set can be caused.

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ABSTRACT

A method for processing data objects, which are arranged in a data space, provides a multidimensional information space with discrete storage locations that represent information objects. Each information object is derived from an information basic object and contains at least one index specification which is characteristic for the position of the data object in the data space. In addition, each information object has at least one attribute specification for at least one virtual dimension of the information space. The information object can be identified in the information space using a processor of a computing device. Processing of the data object can be prompted by at least one instruction record.

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Procedure for the Processing of Data Objects

Description

The present invention deals with a procedure for the processing of data objects.

Procedures for data processing are known in prior art, for example, procedures enabling the saving or the recovery of data or documents in or accordingly from a large data resource. The electronic media, e.g. the Internet, in particular provides the user today with a large amount of information; nevertheless, to search for information in the Internet or in the information inventory of one's own company can perhaps be very time consuming. While on the one hand, the number of the available data is continuously increasing, on the other hand, a lack of information is emerging.

The object of the present invention is to provide a procedure for the processing of data objects.

The procedure in accordance with the invention is subject to the claim 1. Beneficial developments are subject to the sub-claims.

The procedure in accordance with the invention for the processing of data objects has a data space, in which the data objects are arranged. A multi-dimensional information space, with at least two virtual dimensions and preferably also at least a third virtual dimension, has in at least one dimension a large

amount of discrete memory locations or memory units, or rather memory areas that are suitable to represent information objects. Each of the information objects represent at least one information base-object, or preferably derives from it through inheritance. An information base-object comprises of at least one pointer, which is characteristic for the position of at least one data object in the data space, and at least one property data for at least one virtual dimension of the information space, and preferably, for each virtual dimension of the dimension space. Furthermore, a set of instructions is provided with at least one instruction concerning the processing of the data object.

The information object can be identified (preferably clearly) in the information space with at least one computer device that has at least one processor. Furthermore, the information object and/or the data object can be processed according to at least one instruction, from this set of instructions, with at least one computer device.

The procedure in accordance with the invention has many advantages.

With the procedure in accordance with the invention the data objects are arranged in the data space, thus e.g. saved, which could also be realized with conventional, prior art methods. Additionally, a multi-dimensional information space is provided that contains information objects, with each information object being characteristic for at least one data object in the data space. Through this separation of the data space and the information space a flexible information representation is permitted.

In particular, the multi-dimensionality of the information space is advantageous, since attributes for the data object can be defined for two or more virtual dimensions of the informa-

An information object contains, in addition to at least one property data concerning at least one virtual dimension of the information space, one pointer, which is characteristic for at least one data object. This means that in the information object at least one property data is provided for the position of one data object; however, is it also possible that the data object is integrated in the information object, so that the information space and the data space partially overlap one another. Such an overlapping of the information space and the data space is also advantageous, since the setup of the procedure and the individual components are simpler to create. The separation of the data space and the information space is, however, preferred, since this enables a flexible structure that is more easily scalable.

In a preferred development of the procedure in accordance with the invention, at least one and preferably each virtual dimension of the information space is hierarchically arranged, whereby preferably the position of an information object within the hierarchy is determined through the characteristic data concerning this virtual dimension of the information object.

A hierarchical organization and/or arrangement of the information objects in the information space is particularly advantageous, since, for example, this enables an organization of the information objects concerning given or optional information aspects. If, for example, the information viewpoint "process" is assigned to a virtual dimension, then, for example, a hier-

archical division or separation according to the viewpoints danger warning, disturbance repairing, maintenance, product improvement, licensing procedure, and product development takes place.

According to requirement it is possible to insert one, two or more subdivisions, in order to, for example, subdivide the information viewpoint "process" more precisely. Through the assignment of a property data in the form of a hierarchical data to a data object, a structured arrangement of data objects and/or information objects is attained in the information space, which enables the user to have a simpler filing, retrieval, execution or visualization, or the like of data objects.

The property data are preferably stored in the form of symbols in the information object, with these symbols preferably representing symbols such as letters and numbers, ASCII symbols or DBCS Symbols (Double Byte Character System).

Particularly preferred is that at least one hierarchical property data is specified as a set of two numbers, with separators such as colon, full-stop or the like being provided between the individual division levels. The first number describes, preferably, the highest and/or the first division level, while the second number characterizes the second division level.

It is preferred that the information base object, or rather the information object deriving from it, substantially and preferably has for each virtual dimension at least one property data. Furthermore, it is preferred that for several virtual dimensions the property data is represented as a property vector, whereby the individual property data in this vector or pointer can show a fixed and predetermined sequence. It is also possible for the sequence of the property data to be variable, whereby preferably for each property data a characteristic

value is provided, which characterizes the corresponding virtual dimension. For example, it is possible that the property vector has the form "x:6, y:0, z:3.2". In this example "x" characterizes a first virtual dimension and the separation between the characterized value and property data can be enabled by means of a separator, which is represented here as ":".

However, it is also possible that no (due to defined location information) or any other separator symbols are provided, or that the value occurs after or according to the property data. Combining the property data in a property vector is extremely advantageous, since the property vector and/or the characteristic list, or the characteristic enumeration, or the like can be used separately.

If the characterized value, which characterizes the virtual dimension, is provided, it is also possible to use a smaller number of property data in the data vector than the number of virtual dimensions. If the characteristics concerning one or several virtual dimensions, or even all virtual dimensions are not required, a partially filled or even empty vector may be submitted. Consequently, achieving a larger flexibility of the procedure.

Preferably two, three or more virtual dimensions contain information objects, or rather pointer to information objects.

In a preferred development of the invention at least one instruction set is taken from a group of instruction sets, which comprise of instruction sets of organization or base, as well as request, creation, modification, searching, playback, representation, printing, generating, execution, control, calculation, evaluation, regulation, play, transformation and the like.

An organization set and/or base set of instructions can, for example, branch out to other named sets of instructions, so that the other named sets of instructions can be executed through using an organization instruction set.

The named sets of instructions enable the creation and/or generation or modification of information objects and data objects, as well as a request of data objects or a search for particular information objects.

Furthermore, a playback, presentation or representation as well as printing or playing graphic, acoustic or video data objects is possible. Control or regulation instruction sets, enabling a more precise control of, for example, production processes or business objects with corresponding transactions such as SAP (for example, R3), can be executed in the same way.

In a preferred development of the invention, the procedure can be controlled through transferring at least one control vector, whereby the control vector consists of at least one address vector that is characteristic for a position of a base or organization instruction set. When the procedure is started or controlled through transferring an address vector and/or an address data, then this form of the procedure requires no special set of instructions to be provided. The data of a base address and/or address vector is alone, preferably, sufficient enough to execute a base set of instructions.

In a preferred development of the procedure in accordance with the invention, the control vector comprises of, in addition to the address vector for example, but not only, in the form of a URN, URI or URL, as they are standardized by the W3C, e.g. "www.verfahren.steuerung", at least one instruction vector and/or one instruction pointer, for example, "data.asp", which is characteristic for a specific set of instructions.

The procedure realizes a search for information objects in the information space, which has at least, substantially, corresponding property vectors. For this purpose a comparison is made for substantially every virtual dimension, in a comparison device, between the property data in the process vector and the property data in the information object of the information space. An information object or a reference to an information object in the information space is added to the result list, once substantially all the property data of the information object correspond with the property data in the process vector.

With reference to the wording "substantially ... vector", it should be understood here that, for example, an exact correspondence exists; however, it is also possible that in the case of the hierarchical structuring of the property data in the information space, a correspondence can exist if the information object in the information space has a detailed property data, so that the property data in the processing vector is a general term of the property data in the information object.

If, for example, a property data referring to a "means of transport" were defined in an information dimension in a hierarchy, then there would be a logical derivation to a subordinate hierarchy level, for example the property data "car".

When, in accordance with a previously described development, the property data are defined in the form of numbers, whereby different division levels can be divided, for example, by points, then the division level "means of transport" could correspond to the number "2" and the division level deriving from it, "car", could, for example, have the division level "2.2". Now, if a search would be executed in the information space for information objects, which in relation to this virtual dimension have the property data "2", then, preferably, all the information objects would be added to the result list, which are

In the same way, it is possible to execute the procedure in accordance with the invention on only one computer device via a virtual data connection, which communicates via a virtual interface in a computer device.

Preferably, the communication between the individual computer devices, and/or the computer units contained in them, take place at least partially via a connection protocol and/or an interface protocol. To control the data connection and/or the procedure, standard protocols such as TCP/IP, UUCP, UDP, NETBIOS, NETBEUI or other known connection protocols are preferably used.

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In a preferred development of the last described development, at least one type data is derived from the pointer or the name of the data object for at least one information object. For this purpose, at least one pointer of the information object, which represents a data object in the data space, is divided in the separating device into pointer parts. From these pointer parts, at least one type data derives from at least one characteristic pointer part (e.g. the file name and/or the file extension: *.txt, *.c etc.)

In a preferred development, the name of the data object or the name of the file is extracted from the pointer in the separating device. If the naming in the system is done in accordance with predetermined rules, it is possible to draw conclusions from the name of the data object about the type of the data object. In a known operating system, for example, the type of a data object is determined in a so-called file extension. With other operating systems the type of a data object can be requested from extended attributes, which are generated at the saving of a data object.

Such a development is certainly advantageous, since even an automated classification and/or type separation of data objects can be carried out.

In a further preferred development of the invention, at least one type data is derived from at least one part of the data object contents for at least one information object. For this purpose, in a separating device or an extraction device, at least one part of the data object contents is divided into content elements, which are then analyzed for characteristic attributes. With a comparison device, at least one content element can be defined with predefined, preferably changeable comparison content elements and when these correspond, at least one type data can be derived for the analyzed data object.

This development is very advantageous, since many file types have a characteristic byte sequence. Through comparing a characteristic byte sequence it is possible to determine, with a high reliability, the type of a data object (for example, Microsoft Word Document, Unix-Shell Program, HTML files, executable files and the like) or logical objects such as order confirmation, invoices, (company) suggestions for improvement and the like.

Different object types can also be defined for a file format, so that, for example, a text document has the object type "invoice", "order confirmation" or "company suggestions for improvement". The type can not only be determined according to the style of the document, but also according to the content of the document.

In a further preferred development of the invention, at least one information object and preferably all the information objects consist of at least one further object data, whereby at least one object data is taken from a group of object data, which comprise of at least one data of time, generation, time interval, validity, (access) frequency, owner, group (membership), access, read, write, modification, execution and the like.

Realizing one or more, or even all of the mentioned object data in an information object, enables a very precise control of the access rights and statistical evaluation, e.g. access frequency. For example, it would be possible to limit rights for displaying, the modification or creation of an information object to specific user recognition or group recognition, or the like. Users, who possess a corresponding authorization, for example, can only call up company critical data. In the same way, it is possible that information objects containing executable sets of instructions can only be called up and/or executed by authorized users.

In a preferred development of the invention, the type data of an information object and/or data object is taken from a group of object types and/or type data, which contain in various data formats the known types of text file, picture file, graphic file, spreadsheet file, source code file, XML file, CAD file (computer aided design), program file, audio file, video file and the like.

In a preferred development of the procedure in accordance with the invention, for at least one information object at least one description field and/or info field is provided, to which one has access via the information object. Preferably at least one characterizing data in the description field is taken from the information object or the data object. Furthermore, notes or post-it information, for example, can be integrated in the description field. The description field can be included in the information object, or it may be a pointer on a separate description list.

In a preferred development of one or more of the previously described developments, at least one information object can have at least one connection to at least one further information object, thus enabling a navigation from a first information object to a second information object, to which the first is connected.

Such connections between information objects are very advantageous, since this allows the user to have a quick and uncomplicated navigation between, for example, thematically related information objects.

In a preferred development of the invention, for at least one information object at least one part of the contents of at least one description field of the information object is divided, in a separating device, into at least one property data. Furthermore, at least one characteristic content data is deter-

jects, while a 1 would describe a connection between the first and the second and a 2, a bi-directional connection between both of the information objects. Through continuous values (real numbers, integers, etc.) a connection intensity can be described, which can be taken into consideration.

Similarly, it is also possible that a sign or a value is defined in the connection data, for example, an information object directly connected with a type or a group of information objects. For example, the connection data could refer to an area in the information space, thus enabling a connection with a large amount of information objects through the data, for example, a property vector.

In a further preferred development of the invention, at least one virtual connection space is provided as at least a two-dimensional connection table, whereby preferably, within at least one part of the rows, every row preferably represents one different information object, and whereby, within at least one part of the columns, preferably every column preferably describes one different information object.

In a preferred development of the last described development, the connection table, of which there is at least one, is two-dimensional with a square size, so that the number of rows equals that to the number of columns, and preferably both equal the number of information objects in at least one virtual dimension. Thus every row represents a different information object and every information object is represented by exactly one column. If in this case a table element of the connection table can accept, for example, the logical value 0 to 1, this means, for example a logical 1 in the 3rd row and 5th column, that the 3rd information object has a direct relationship to the 5th information object.

Such a development is very advantageous, since a smaller memory capacity is required and a high functionality is achieved. Each object can be connected with each object so that the reference from the actual information object to another information object can be called through a query of the connection space. Thus, enabling the user to navigate through connected information objects and query all the relevant information of a domain or, for example, acquire adjoining information domains.

Preferably, the connection space comprises of the connection table or connection matrices for substantially every virtual dimension.

In a preferred development of the invention, at least one set of instructions is provided, which reorganizes the information space when deleting or removing information objects from the information space, whereby the released memory location for an information object can not only be full through a newly created and/or to be newly created information object, but also substantially the entire information space can be newly reorganized, so that substantially no empty memory locations remain for the information objects.

In a further preferred development of the invention, it is preferred that the connection space is actualized when deleting an information object from the information space, so that a reference for the deleted information object does not exist in the dimension of the connection space. It is preferred that when organizing the connection space in the form of at least one two-dimensional table, the rows and the columns representing the deleted information object are removed. Thus, when deleting information objects in the information space, substantially all connections and/or pointers are removed from the other information elements to the now deleted information object.

Such a development is very advantageous, since "dead" connections or links running into an empty space are extensively avoided.

In a further preferred development of the procedure in accordance with the invention, a navigation through the information objects of the information space and/or through the information system is enabled via the transfer of a control vector. For this purpose, the control vector is divided up, in a computer device, into at least one address vector, at least one instruction vector and at least one property vector.

Similarly to one of the previously described developments, a process vector is generated with predefined property data in a processor device. The property vector, transferred in the procedure, is divided into individual property data, as in the previously described development, and the property data in the process vector are overwritten with these.

Following the creation of an empty search list, serving to receive information objects, a search for information objects in the information space is executed that has property data and/or property vectors, which substantially correspond with the process vector. When an information object substantially fulfills the conditions in the information space, a reference or a copy of the information object, or the information object itself is added to this search list.

Following the creation of an empty result list, likewise, serving to receive references or information objects, a search for connections and/or links, or references to other information objects is made for every element or information object of the search list in the connection space. When an information object, connected at least in a unidirectional way with the actual element of the result list, is found in the connection space, a reference, a copy or the information object itself is

added to this result list. Consequently, it is possible for the connections, starting from the element and/or referenced to the element, and possibly its intensity to be considered.

A result file, comprising substantially of all the elements of the result list, is created from the result list. Preferably, this file is created in a standard format, for example in the HTML format, and contains references to the information objects or data objects in the form of hyperlinks. It should, however, be pointed out that in this and the previously described developments using a result list or result file, that these must not physically exist on, for example, a hard disk. They can, however, also exist as a virtual list or virtual file in a transient memory, for example, in the RAM.

The navigation possibility to the connected information object is certainly advantageous, since, for example, it enables the connection relationship between individual information objects or data objects to be graphically represented. Thus, providing the user with a clear view of the connection and/or information relationships. Similarly, this enables the user to move, substantially, through all the information of an information area.

In a preferred development of the procedure, at least on part of the instruction set can be executed on a remote computer device, for example, on a computer operated by the user. For example, the separating of the control vector can at least partially occur remotely.

It is particularly preferred that each information object is clearly identifiable in the information vector, for example, through a clear number, a name, a label, or a vector.

In a preferred development of one or more of the previously described developments, an information object is structured in such a way, so that it can include at least one information

- Fig. 3 a fundamental representation of the hierarchy of a structure dimension;
- Fig. 4 a representation of a three-dimensional information space;
- Fig. 5 a semantic network with corresponding connection matrix;
- Fig. 6 a user interface;
- Fig. 7 another user interface;
- Fig. 8 a flowchart of an instruction set;
- Fig. 9 a result list of an information search;
- Fig. 10 a flowchart of a further set of instructions;
- Fig. 11 a further user interface;
- Fig. 12 a block diagram as information object;
- Fig. 13 a view of the process of the information object according to Fig. 12;
- Fig. 14 a view of the process of the information object according to Fig. 12;
- Fig. 15 a view of the process of the information object according to Fig. 12;
- Fig. 16 an user interface for connection administration;
- Fig. 17 a user interface for process control; and
- Fig. 18 a connection diagram of an information object.

connected in databases 13 or even local files 13 with the computer device via the data connections 18 and sets of instructions 8 are used on the information objects 7 and/or the data objects 19 via the processor 10. An information object 7 can be connected with a set of instructions via a pointer and/or a virtual connection 17, and via a pointer as a virtual connection with a data object 19.

The structuring of a virtual dimension of the information space is represented in an exemplary way in figure 3. A base element of a structure dimension 21 has one or more sub-elements 22, 23, whereby in the structure example in accordance with figure 4, the structure element 23 in the level-0 has the sub-elements 24, 25 and 26 in the level-1. A level-2, comprising of the structure elements 27 and 28, is structured below the level-1, whereby the structure element 27 derives from the structure element 22, which is structured two levels higher. Each virtual dimension of the information space represents a difference viewpoint of the information space, whereby the different dimensions are linearly independent from one another.

Figure 4 portrays as an example the collective information space 5 as a three-dimensional cube containing the information object 7, which with reference to the three virtual dimensions can be freely structured. By means of a property vector, a single information object 7 can be identified. Furthermore, it is also possible that an information area 30 is described through a property vector, since smaller or larger information areas 38 are set up through the structuring of the property data. Every information object 7 can contain information elements 31, whereby each information element 31 can in turn be an information object 7, thus creating hierarchically structured information objects. Depending on the viewpoint, an information area 30 can also be (dynamically) represented as an information element 7.

Figure 5 portrays a semantic network between individual information objects 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37 and 38 with one corresponding connection space 40. In the representation, in accordance with figure 5, connection lines with the corresponding arrowheads show the information relationship or information connection between the individual information objects. In the execution example, the connection relationships between the individual information objects are saved in the connection spaces 40. In this example the connection spaces 40 are executed as relationship matrices. Each connection space and/or each relationship matrix has a number of rows and columns corresponding to the number of information elements in the virtual dimension, whereby the first information object is assigned row 1 and column 1, while the fifth information object is assigned to the fifth row and the fifth column.

Marking a cell in the relationship matrix of the connection space defines that a unidirectional relationship exists between the element of the corresponding row with the information object of the corresponding column. Through the relationship matrix 40 and/or the connection space 40 it can be easily ascertained, through querying the cell contents, whether an information relationship exists between two information objects.

Figure 6 portrays a user interface for the procedure in accordance with the invention, which, for example, can be represented and processed on a remote computer.

The user interface 50, portrayed in figure 6 for the procedure in accordance with the invention, is displayed in an Internet browser. It is, however, also possible for the user interface to be displayed from a separate program. The graphical user interface 50 has a known browser file bar 52 and a browser navigation bar 53.

A navigation bar 51, situated in a left area of the user interface, additionally, substantially serves to control the procedure. Furthermore, in a right area of the user interface is arranged a display area 54, in which the information objects and the data objects, as well as the result lists etc can be displayed. An input field, in which the control vector 49 for controlling the procedure can be entered or even automatically created, is provided in the address field of the browser. In the representation in accordance with figure 6, the control vector 49 only has one address vector "http://inforaum.atelier", which identifies the procedure in accordance with the invention on the computer device.

An input field 55 for a search word is provided in the navigation bar, as well as buttons 57, 58 and 59, which restrict the search area for information to pointers for data objects or information objects (button 57), connection descriptions or link descriptions (button 58) and connection information and/or link information (button 59).

A button 56 can be operated by the user with, for example, a mouse and executes a search in the information by means of the search word entered in the input field 55.

Illustration 7 portrays the structure display area 60 exhibiting a specific representation of the navigation bar 50. The structure display area comprises of three structure browsers 61, 62, 63 for the three different virtual dimensions x, y, z of the information space.

Corresponding to the characteristic structurization 21 of the individual virtual dimensions of the information space, the property data are hierarchically presented in the three structure browsers 61, 62 and 63, whereby for each level of the property data and for each property data different relationships were chosen. The property data 64 is structured on the

level-0 of the first structure dimension, while the characteristic object 65 of the third structure dimension 63 is structured on level-1 and the characteristic object 66 is structured on the second level of the third structure dimension 63.

Furthermore, a type dimension 61a is provided that permits a restricted search for specific document types 61b.

Marking, e.g. with the mouse, a property data in one or more of the structured dimensions restricts a search in the information space to one information area 30. Thus, when selecting a detailed division level in each structure dimension, the number of relevant data objects and/or files is restricted.

Actuating the button 56 starts the search procedure, a list of documents is generated, which satisfy the property data in the structure dimension, whereby, when selecting a specific level-1 in a structured dimension, all the level-2, deriving from this level-1, and subordinate documents in the list are included. With reference to figure 3, this means that when selecting the property data 23 in level-1, the information objects 24, 25, 26 and 28 are taken into consideration, since these derive from the property data 23. However, information objects with the property data 27 are not considered, since this derives from the property data 22 in level-1 and not from the property data 23 in level-1. If, on the other hand, the property data 21 is chosen in figure 3 in level-0, all the information objects from 21 until 28 would be taken into consideration in figure 3.

The procedure is described with reference to figure 8 when the button 56 is activated in accordance with figure 7. Through activating button 56, the start signal 71 is given for a set of instructions for discovering information. The processor device 10 establishes a database connection 72 and reads out the parameter 73 from the control vector 49. Subsequently, a branching 74 takes place. If the object type 61b, "everything", is

selected in the type dimension 61a, a SQL query string is generated for indefinite documents and the database query 78 is initiated. Contrarily, if the document type 61b were restricted, for example, to text documents or the like, a SQL query string would be generated, in the procedural step 77, for documents according to the transferred parameters, which is then transferred to the procedural step 78 for a database query.

A result list 82 of the found information objects 7 is then processed in a loop, whereby a HTML page 82 (or also a XML document 82), which contains the found document as hyperlink 87, is generated from the result list. If the currently processed data set is last in the result list, the branching point 79 branches out to the procedural step 81 closing the database. If more data sets are available, the current data set is added in procedural step 80 to the HTML document 82 and integrated there as hyperlink 87.

Following the closure of the database in the procedural step 81, the generated HTML document 82 is returned and presented in the display area 54 as result document and/or result list 82 (cf. Figure 9).

Navigation buttons 83, 84, 85 are for the purpose of navigation in the result lists 82, which contain a large amount of found documents 87 and/or information objects 7. With the navigation button 83 the preceding page can be displayed, while the succeeding document page is presented through activating the navigation button 84.

In the result list 82, a document type 86 and a document title 87 is presented for every information object 7, whereby clicking on the document title refers to this document. In this connection it should be emphasized that the information objects, which are referenced and/or contained within a result list, can

have and/or can be process methods, so that clicking on a document title can start a possibly complex control procedure.

A further instruction set and/or procedure will now be described with reference to the figures 10 to 15. If, in accordance with the above-described procedure, an object list 82 is generated, this can be represented as a block diagram or process diagram at the appropriate document types 61b, whereby the connections from the connection space 40 are marked as targeted arrows between the individual components in the block diagram. A new block diagram or process diagram 102 is created following activation of the start button 101.

In the procedural Step 103, a connection is established to the database and the parameter 104 is read, upon which an information query 105 occurs. If the last data set is present there is a branching out from the branching 106 to the connection query 108. However, oppositely, a further object request is generated and/or an object query is executed in the procedural step 107.

In the procedural step 108 the database query is started with the parameters, also the branching 109 and the element generation routine 110 is called up for the individual elements. The individual elements 91 to 94 of the block diagram 90 are generated and assigned. Furthermore, following closure of the database in the procedural step 111 and the finish of the block diagram generation 112 as block diagram, these individual elements 91 to 94 are represented on the display area 54.

In detail, the block diagram 90 contains, in this case, a first start element 91, which is connected via a targeted connection 91a with a second element 92. The element 92 is connected with a control sequence element 93 via the connection 92a. The block diagram 90 represents a simplified procedure, whose start is represented through the element 91. At the end of the procedure the element 94 clarifies the documentation.

In figure 16, the display is represented in the display area 54 of an administration instruction set, which can be interactively controlled by the user via this interface.

Through operating the buttons, or rather the buttons 141, 142 and 143, the display in the display area 154 can be restricted to the corresponding information and/or data, so that when operating the button 141 the connection administration and/or link administration is represented, whereas after activating the button 142 the view is restricted to the subscription administration.

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In this way it is possible for the user to substantially maintain a constant overview of the modifications in the system. According to requirement, the subscription administration can be extended to modifications, revision changes, description changes and the like, so that it is possible for the user to be extensively informed about alterations in the system.

In one version of the information system, a list or a reference on a list, containing data concerning access to the information object, is integrated in the information objects. In this for example, the access time, the access mode (modification, write, read) and the user name, a user identification or a group identification can be logged, so that even an access statistic is possible for an information object.

Such a logging permits, amongst other things, that at the deletion of an information object before the definitive deletion, the users, who have access to the information object at least within a certain period of time, must give their consent to the deletion before the information object and/or corresponding data object is temporarily or permanently physically deleted.

If, for example, a user would like to delete an information object, in each case an e-mail can be automatically sent via the log file to the relevant users, who then send a reply e-mail to the system, which e.g. can be automatically evaluated by the system. If all the relevant users consent to a deletion, the system removes the information object and/or data object to a suitable point in time, which can also depend on the load of the system.

An automatic deletion can also occur through selecting an expiry time in the information object.

formation object 152 can represent a pump in a production cycle, whose rotation speed is represented through the information object 151. If the user selects the information object 151, the information object 151 is represented in more detail in the display area 154, whereby, for example, the current rotation speed of the pump, represented through the information object 152, can also be listed. Through JAVA, JINI, Active-X or RPC (remote procedure call) or basically through distributed methods a user can take over, on a computer, the process control for a system, which is executed in a remote location and which, for example, is administered through a SAP system.

Figure 18 represents a connection diagram 160 of an information object 161, which was generated through the selection of a connection instruction set. Through the query of an information space the objects 162 are defined and automatically assigned within the diagram area 160, which have a connection from the information object 161 to an information object 162.

Information objects, which firstly via a second connection 169 refer to an information object 164, can also be listed according to the selection of the depth of the division.

Similarly, it is possible for the information objects 165 and 166, which directly or indirectly refer to the actual information object 161, to be represented. The information object 166 is connected via the targeted relationship 171 with the information object 165, which via a targeted relationship 170 refers to the actual information object 161. In this representation two connection levels are considered, however, it is possible to take only one connection level or even several levels into consideration. With a large amount of considered connection levels, however, it should be kept in mind that the number of relevant information objects and connection relationships could be high.

1. Procedure for the processing of data objects with:

a data space (6), in which data objects (19) are arranged;

a multi-dimensional information space (5) that has at least two virtual dimensions (X, Y) and preferably also at least one third virtual dimension (Z);

whereby said information space (5) has in at least one dimension a large amount of discrete memory locations (7) suitable to represent information objects (7);

whereby each of said information objects (7) represent at least one information base-object (7) and whereby each information base-object comprises at least the following properties:

at least one pointer data (9) that is characteristic for the position of at least one data object (19) in the data space (6); and

at least one property data (14) for at least one virtual dimension of said information space;

wherein at least one set of instructions (8) is provided with at least one instruction for the processing of said data object (19); and

wherein, furthermore, at least one computing device (20) controlled by at least one processor (10) is provided, with which said information object (7) in said information space (5) is identifiable, and by which the processing of said data object (19) in accordance with said instruction set can be caused.

2. Procedure according to claim 1, wherein,

at least one virtual dimension (21) is hierarchically structured, whereby a position of an information object (7)

within the hierarchy is preferably defined by said property data (14) of said information object (7).

3. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said information base object (7) has at least one property data (14) for substantially every virtual dimension, whereby for several virtual dimensions said property data (14) can be represented as a property vector.
4. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said instruction set (8), of which there is at least one, is taken from a group of instruction sets, which comprise base, organization, request (70), creation, modification, searching, playback, representation, printing, generating, execution, control, interaction, calculation, evaluation, regulation, play instruction sets, and the like.
5. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said procedure can be influenced by transferring at least one control vector (49) comprising at least one address vector (70), whereby said address vector is characteristic for a position of one instruction set (8).
6. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said control vector (49) comprises at least one instruction vector (14) that is characteristic for at least one predefined instruction set (8).
7. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said control vector (49) comprises at least one property

vector (14), which characterizes at least one part (30) of said information space (5).

8. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein upon transfer of a control vector (49) and a pointer data (9) the following procedural steps are executed for the creation of an information object (7):
 - a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least one address vector (49) and one instruction vector in a separating device;
 - b) Call-up of an instruction set (8) characterized by said instruction vector;
 - c) Derivation of a property vector (14) for a data object with said processor device (10);
 - d) Generation of an information object (7) from said pointer data and said property vector (14) with said processor device (10);
 - e) Saving said information object (7) in said information space (5).
9. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein upon transfer of a control vector (49) and a data object (19) the following procedural steps are executed for the creation of an information object (7):
 - a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector (49) and at least an instruction vector in a separating device (10);
 - b) Call-up of an instruction set (8) that is characterized by said instruction vector;

- c) Derivation of a property vector (14) for said data object (19) with said processor device (10);
- d) Saving said data object (19) in said data space (6) and derivation of a pointer data (9);
- e) Generation of an information object (7) from said pointer (9) and said property vector (14) with said processor device (10);
- f) Saving said information object (7) in said information space (5).

10. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
upon transfer of a control vector (49) the following procedural Steps are executed for locating an information object (7):

- a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector (49), at least an instruction vector and at least a property vector (14) in a separating device;
- b) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data (14) for substantially every virtual dimension in said processor device (10);
- c) Separating said property vector (14) in said processor device (10) into said property data (14a) for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector (14), and overwriting said property data (14a) of said processing vector with said the property data of said property vector;
- d) Generation of an empty result list;
- e) Execution of a search for information objects (7) in said information space (5), which substantially have

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14. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
for at least one information object (7) at least one type data (61b) is derived from at least one part of the contents of said data object (19), whereby in said separating device (10) at least a part of said contents of said data object (19) is separated into content elements and said at least one type data (61b) is derived from at least one characteristic content element.
15. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one information object (7) contains at least one further object data taken from a group of object data, which contains at least one data of time, generation, time interval, validity, frequency, owner, group, access right, read right, write right, modification right, execution data, and the like.
16. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said object type of said data object (19) is taken from a group of object types containing various known data formats types of text files, picture files, graphic files, spreadsheet files, CAD files, program files, audio files, video files.
17. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
for at least one information object (7) at least one description field (62a) is provided that is accessible via said information object (7), whereby said description field (62a) serves for receiving at least one characterizing data of said information object (7).

18. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
an information object (7) can have at least one connection (43) to at least one further information object (7), thus enabling a navigation between connected information objects.
19. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
for at least one information object (7), a content of at least one description field (62a) of said information object is separated in a separating device (10) into at least one characteristic data, and at least one characteristic content data is defined.
20. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one first characteristic content data of an information object (7) is compared, in a comparison device (10), with at least one second characteristic content data of at least one other information object (7), whereby on match of said first and second characteristic content data a connection (43) of said information object (7) to said other information object (7) is generated.
21. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one virtual connection space (40) is provided with at least two connection dimensions (41, 42) containing discrete memory locations, whereby said memory locations are created in such a way that said memory locations contain at least one connection data (43) for characterizing at least unidirectional relationships between different information objects (7).

22. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said at least one virtual connection space (40) has at least a two-dimensional connection table, whereby within at least one part of the rows (41), every row represents a different information object (7), and whereby, within at least one part of said columns (42), every column represents a different information object (7).
23. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
upon transfer of a control vector (49) said following procedural steps for navigation in said information system are executed:
- a) Separating said control vector (49) into at least an address vector and at least an instruction vector in a separating device (10);
 - b) Derivation of a property vector (14) from said control vector (49);
 - c) Generation of a processing vector with predefined property data (14a) for substantially every virtual dimension (61, 62, 63) in said processor device (10);
 - d) Separating of said property vector (14) in said processor device (10) into said property data (14a) for said virtual dimensions, contained in said property vector (14), and overwriting said property data (14a) of said processing vector with said property data (14a) of said property vector (14);
 - e) Generation of an empty search list;
 - f) Execution of a search for information objects (7) in said information space (5), which substantially have corresponding property vectors (14a), in which for

substantially every virtual dimension (61, 62, 63)
said property data (14a) are compared to said property
data (14a) in said processing vector;

- g) Addition of a reference to an information object (7) to said search list, if substantially all said property data (14a) substantially match;
- h) Generation of an empty result list;
- i) Execution of a search for substantially every element of said search list according to information objects (7) in said connection space (40), which is connected with said information object (7), that is represented by said element, in at least a unidirectional way;
- j) Addition of a reference (87) to an information object (7) to said result list (87), if at least one unidirectional connection (43) exists;
- k) Creation and output of a result file (82), which substantially contains all said elements (87) of said result list (82);

24. Procedure, according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one information object (7) can include at least one information element (31), whereby said information element (31) can represent at least one information object (7).

25. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said data connection (18) is taken from a group of data connections containing data connections via telephone lines, radio, network, internet, cable, virtual data connections, and the like.

26. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
a connection protocol is used for controlling said data connection (18), wherein said connection protocol is taken from a group of connection protocols containing serial connections and connection protocols such as TCP/IP, UUCP, UDP, NETBIOS, NETBEUI and other standardized connection protocols.
27. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one protocol is used with said connection protocol, that contains interface protocols and service protocols such as http, ftp, ntp, smtp, pop, imap, OLE, ActiveX, COM; DCOM, RMI, ODBC, JINI, STEP, DTD, SQL, ADO, as well as standardizations according to CORBA and the like.
28. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
said data object (19) is stored in said data sphere or in a conventional database (13), as is state of the art.
29. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
for at least three virtual dimensions (61, 62, 63) a virtual connection space (40) is provided.
30. Procedure according to at least one of the preceding claims, wherein
at least one connection data (43) contains a parameter relating to a connection intensity.
31. Data carrier for said execution of said procedure according to at least one of said preceding claims, characterized in that

said procedural steps are included in at least one instruction set stored in said data carrier.

32. Computing device, consisting of:

at least a processor device; and

at least a memory device;

whereby said individual components of said computing device are arranged in a spatially adjacent or spatially distributed way;

whereby said computing device is suitable to execute a procedure in accordance with at least one of said claims 1 to 30.

PCT

PCT Rec'd 22 JUN 2000
WELTORGANISATION FÜR GEISTIGES EIGENTUM
Internationales Büro



INTERNATIONALE ANMELDUNG VERÖFFENTLICHT NACH DEM VERTRAG ÜBER DIE
INTERNATIONALE ZUSAMMENARBEIT AUF DEM GEBIET DES PATENTWESENS (PCT)

(51) Internationale Patentklassifikation ⁷ : G06F 17/30	A2	(11) Internationale Veröffentlichungsnummer: WO 00/38084 (43) Internationales Veröffentlichungsdatum: 29. Juni 2000 (29.06.00)
(21) Internationales Aktenzeichen: PCT/EP99/10377 (22) Internationales Anmeldedatum: 23. Dezember 1999 (23.12.99) (30) Prioritätsdaten: 198 60 008.9 23. Dezember 1998 (23.12.98) DE (71)(72) Anmelder und Erfinder: STERNEMANN, Karl-Heinz [DE/DE]; Sessgasse 13a, D-77830 Bühlertal (DE). (74) Anwalt: WALLINGER, Michael; Zweibrückenstrasse 2, D-80331 München (DE).	(81) Bestimmungsstaaten: JP, US, europäisches Patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE). Veröffentlicht <i>Ohne internationalen Recherchenbericht und erneut zu veröffentlichen nach Erhalt des Berichts.</i>	
(54) Title: METHOD FOR PROCESSING DATA OBJECTS (54) Bezeichnung: VERFAHREN ZUR BEHANDLUNG VON DATENOBJEKTEN (57) Abstract The invention relates to a method for processing data objects which are arranged in a data space. The invention provides a multidimensional information space with discrete storage locations which can represent information objects. Each information object is derived from an information basic object and contains at least one index specification which is characteristic for the position of the data object in the data space. In addition, each information object comprises at least one attribute specification for at least one virtual dimension of the information space. The information object can be identified in the information space using a processor of a computing device. Processing of the data object can be prompted by at least one instruction record. (57) Zusammenfassung Die vorliegende Erfindung betrifft ein Verfahren zur Behandlung von Datenobjekten, die in einem Datenraum angeordnet sind. Es ist ein mehrdimensionaler Informationsraum mit diskreten Speicherstellen vorgesehen, welche Informationsobjekte repräsentieren können. Jedes Informationsobjekt ist von einem Informationsgrundobjekt abgeleitet und enthält wenigstens eine Zeigerangabe, die charakteristisch für die Position des Datenobjekts im Datenraum ist. Weiterhin umfaßt jedes Informationsobjekt wenigstens eine Eigenschaftsangabe für wenigstens eine virtuelle Dimension des Informationsraumes. Mit einem Prozessor einer Recheneinrichtung ist das Informationsobjekt im Informationsraum identifizierbar. Mittels wenigstens eines Instruktionssatzes kann eine Behandlung des Datenobjektes veranlaßt werden.		

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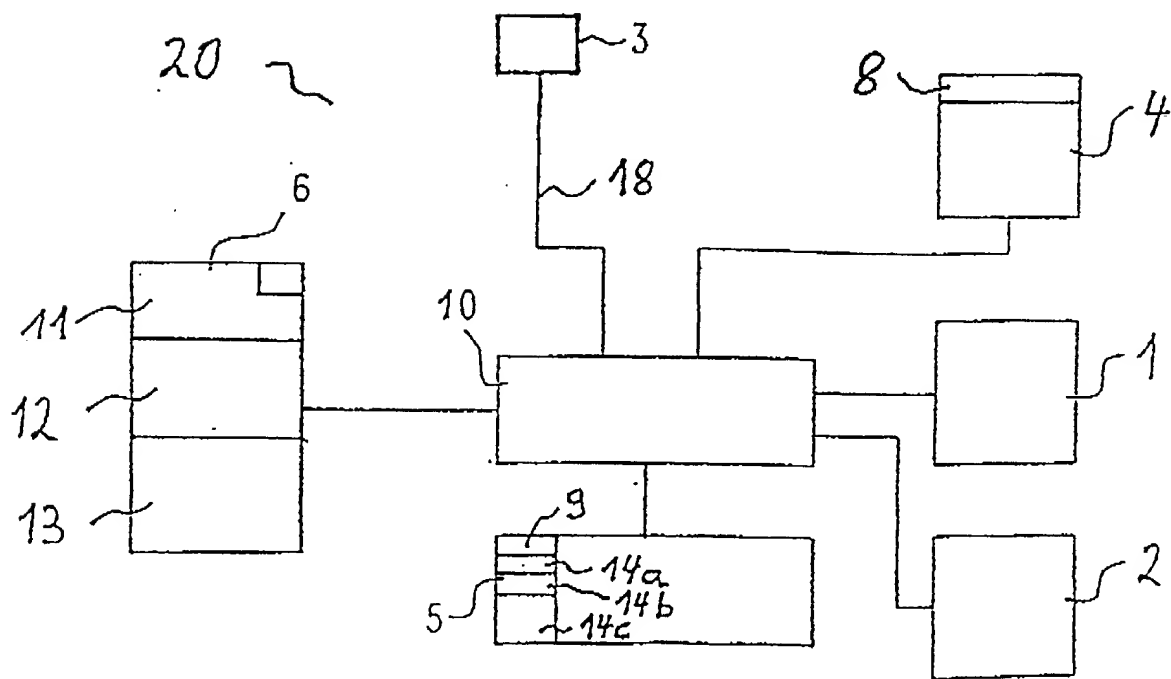


Fig. 1

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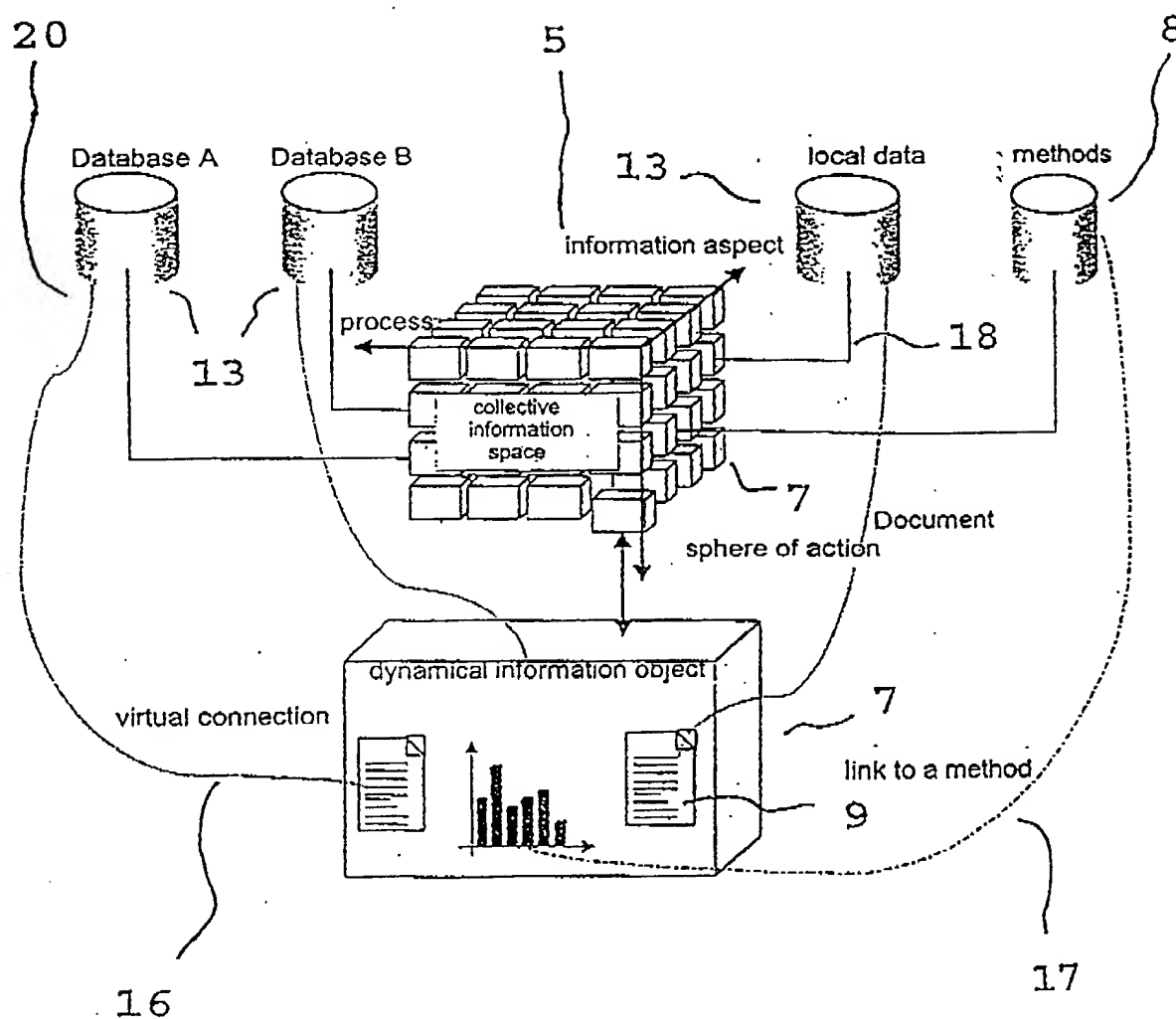


Fig. 2

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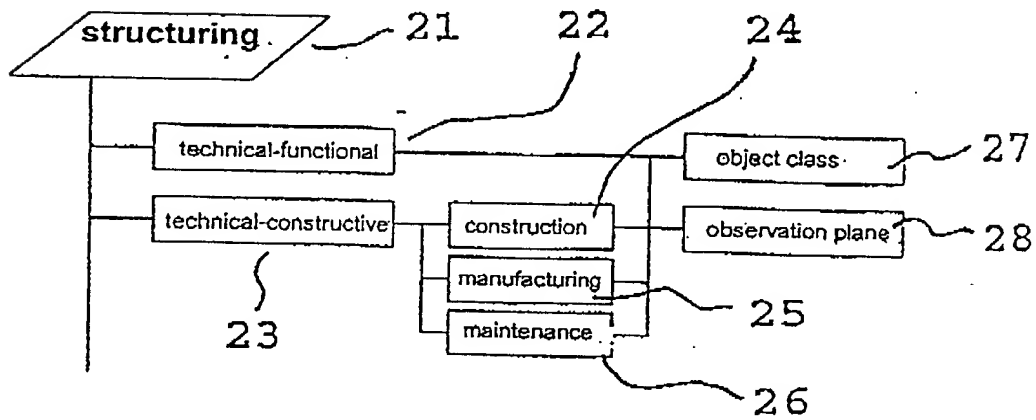


Fig. 3

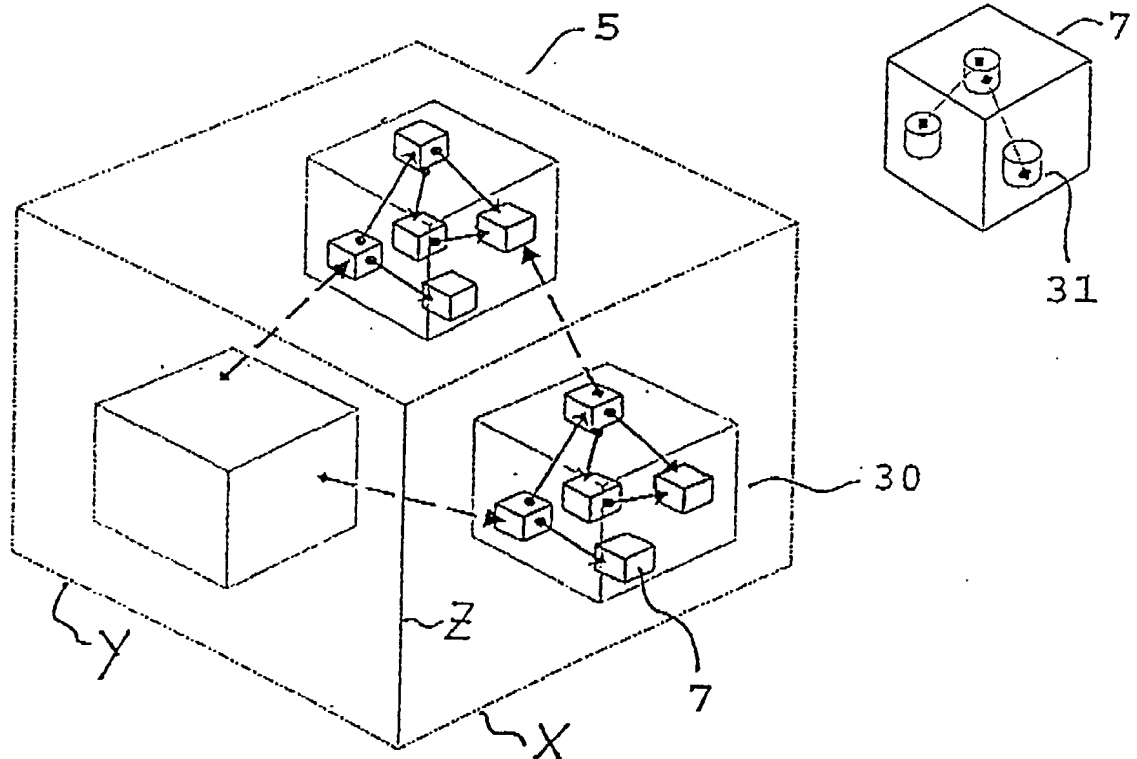


Fig. 4

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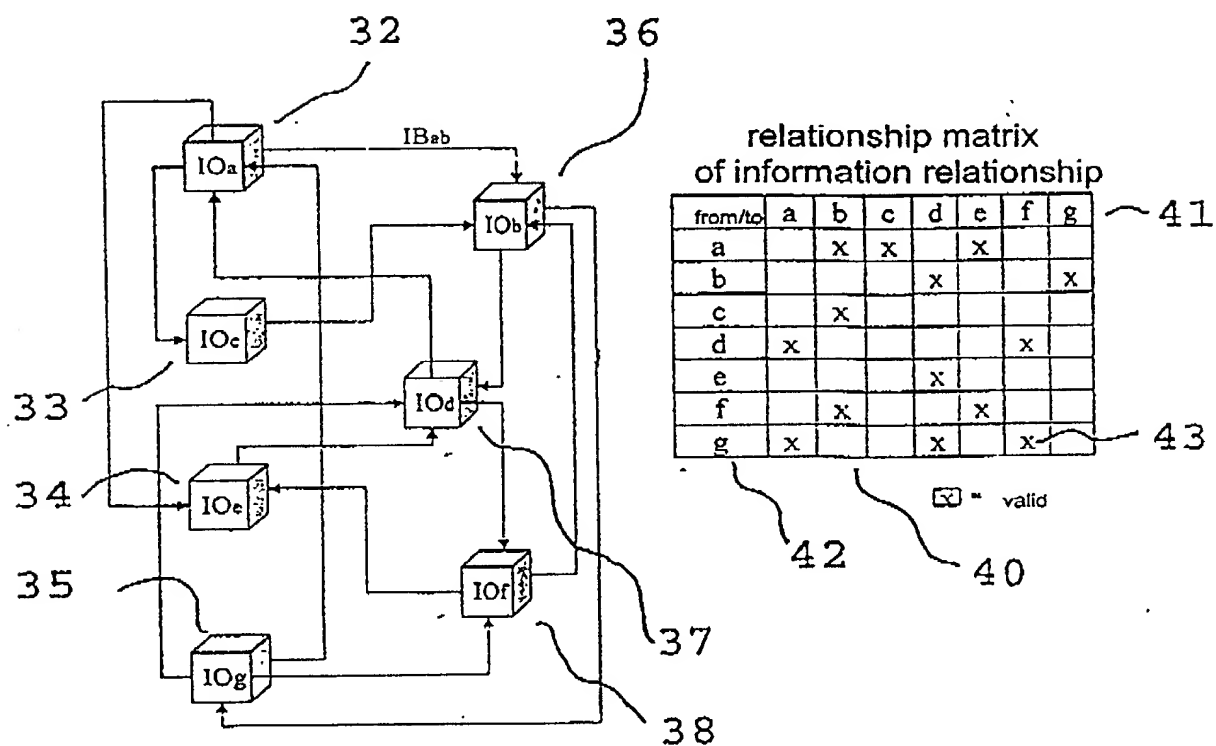


Fig. 5

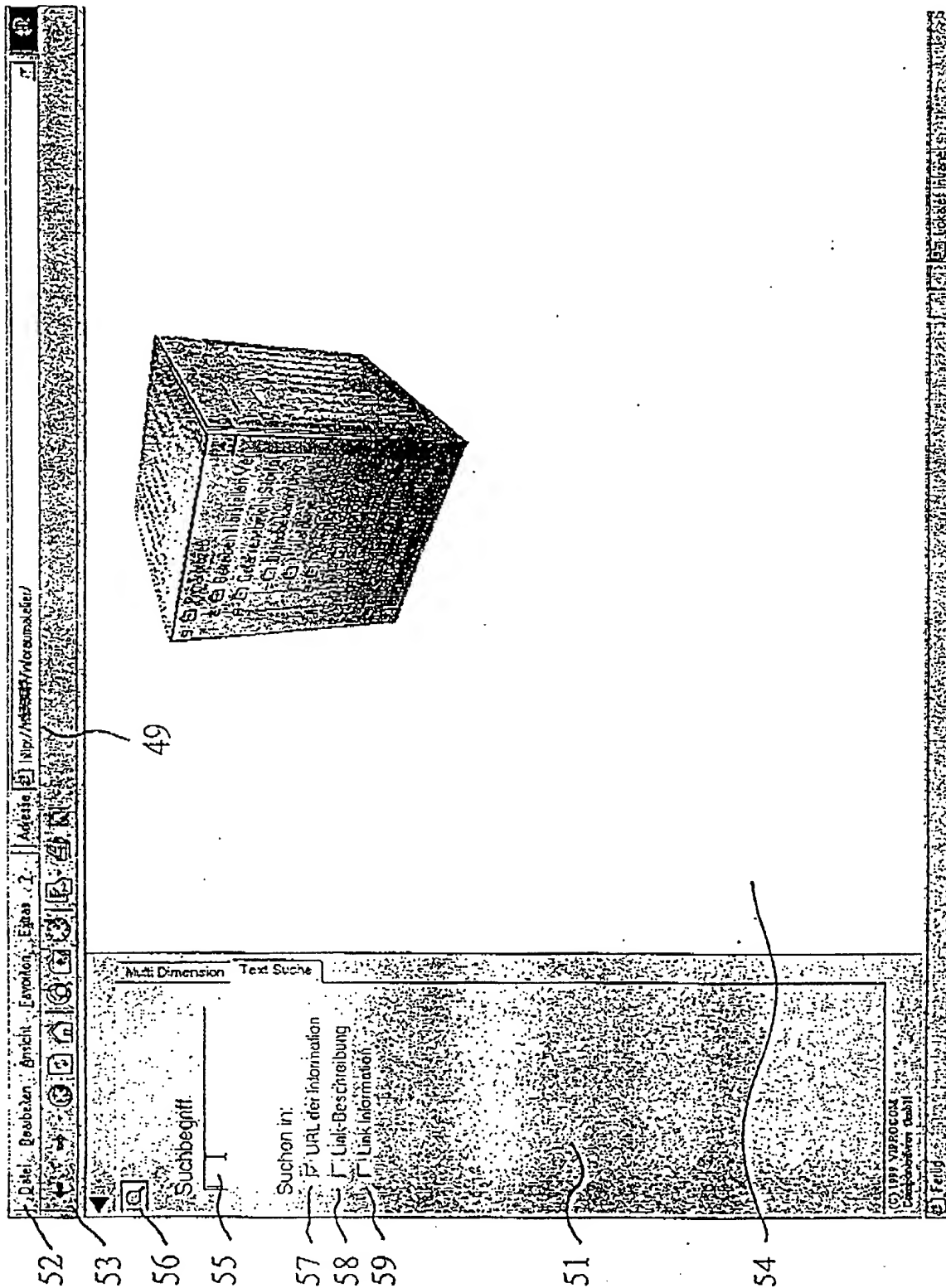


Fig. 6

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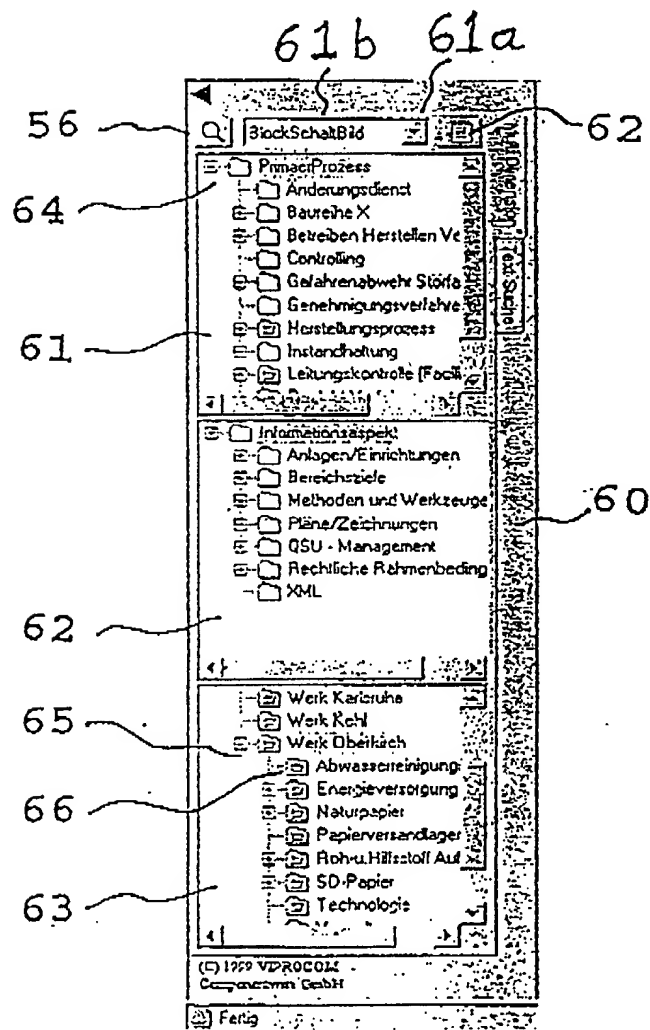


Fig. 7

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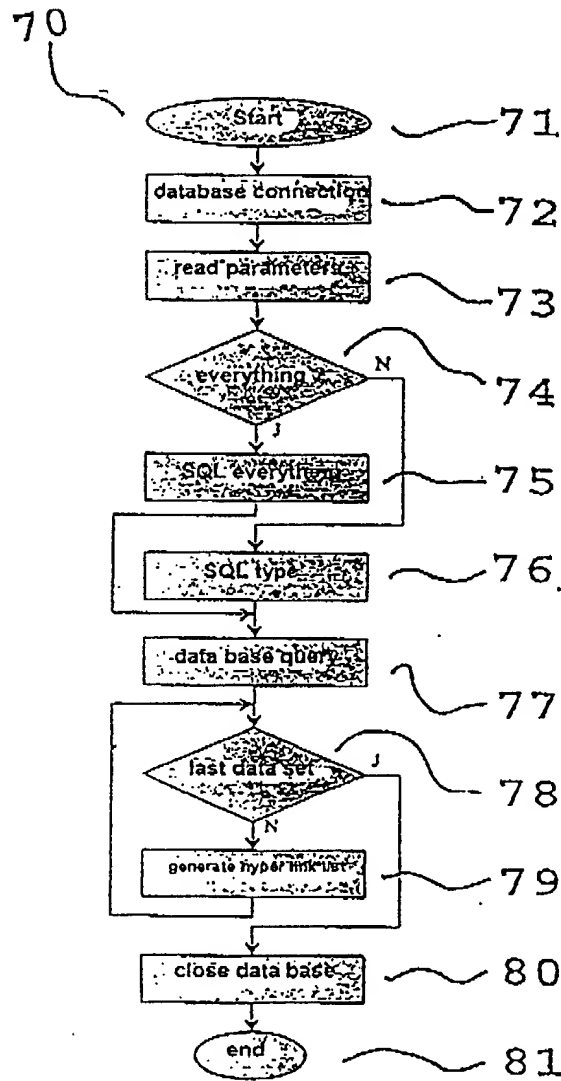


Fig. 8

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Ergebnis der Datenbanksuche Seite 1 von 6

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Dokument Typ	Informationsobjekt
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Lagerinformationssystem</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Schallmessung</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Wassergef. Stoffe</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Wasser/Abwasser</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Anlagensicherheit/Vorbeugender Brandschutz</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Aktionsprogramm	<u>Nutzwertanalyse</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Koehler Gruppe</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Werk Oberkirch</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Roh- u. Hilfsstoff-Auflösung</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Energieversorgung (intern)</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Wasserkraft</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Brunnenwasserversorgung</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Nahpapier</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>PM III</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>PM IV</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>SD-Papier</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>PM V</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Streichmassenaufbereitung</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Kapselherstellung</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> BlockSchaltBild	<u>Wasserversorgung</u>

87

82

Fig. 9

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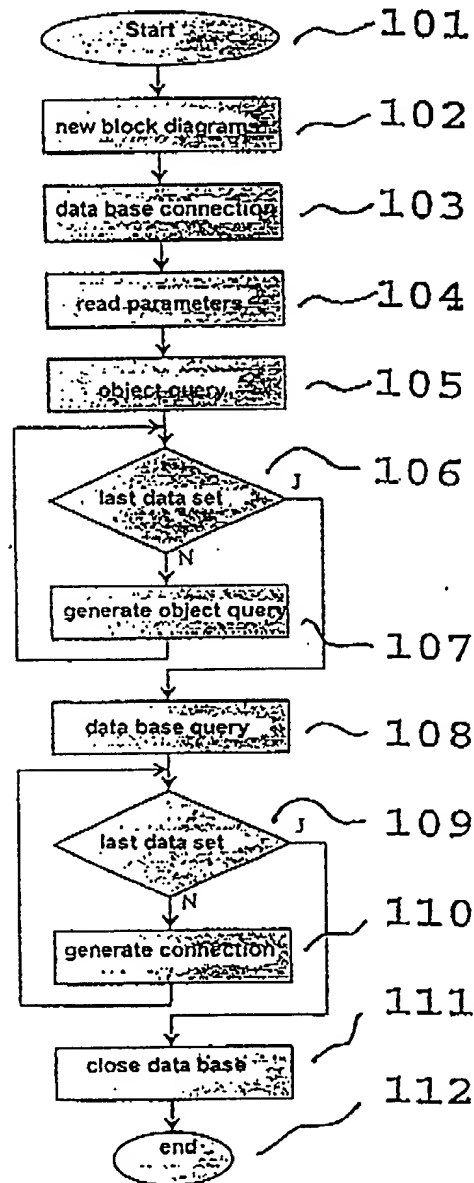


Fig. 10

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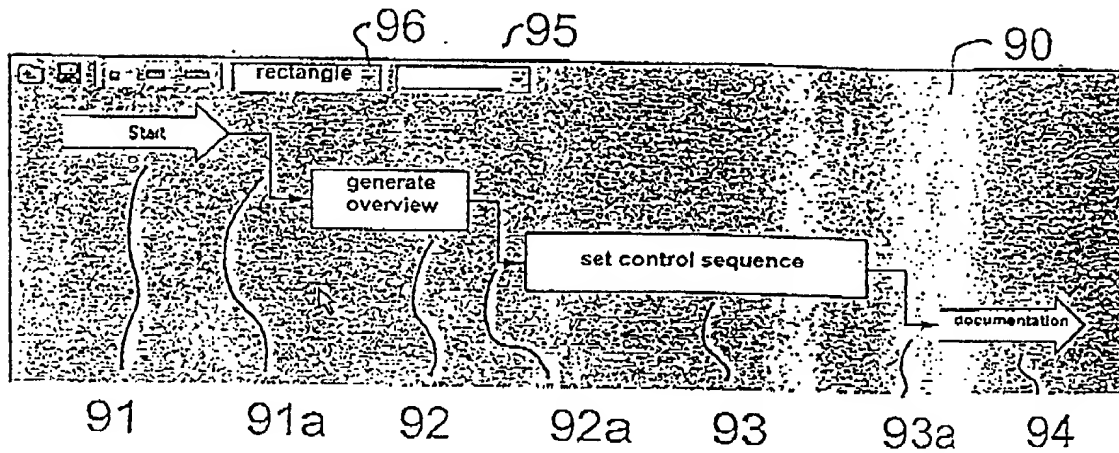


Fig. 11

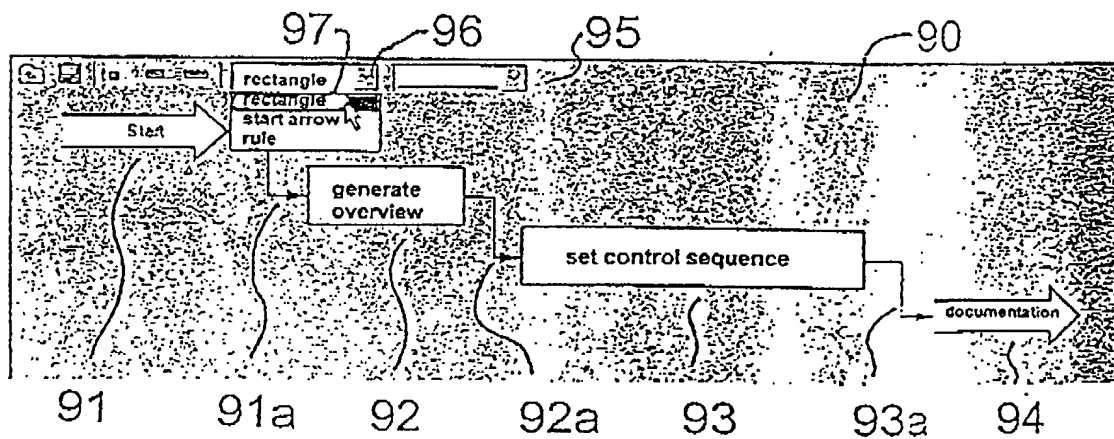


Fig. 12

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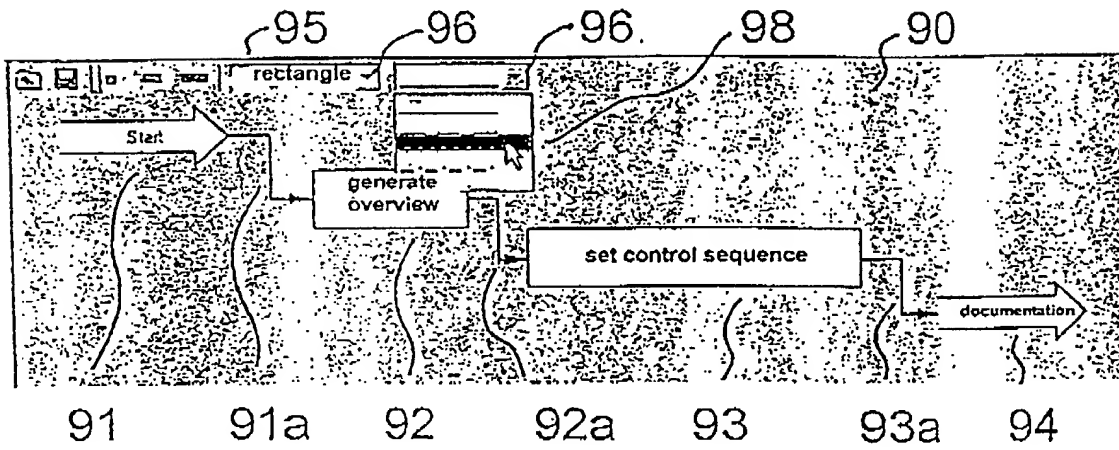


Fig. 13

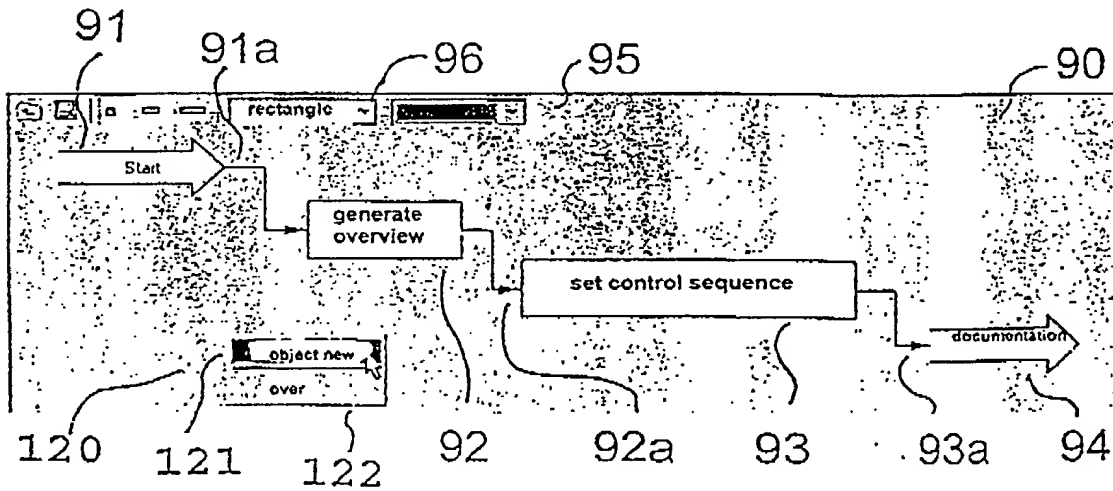


Fig. 14

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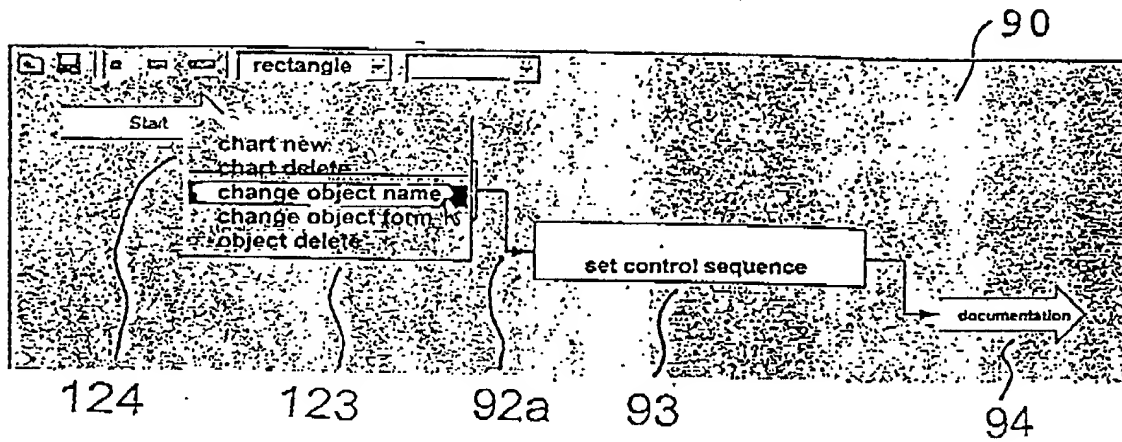


Fig. 15

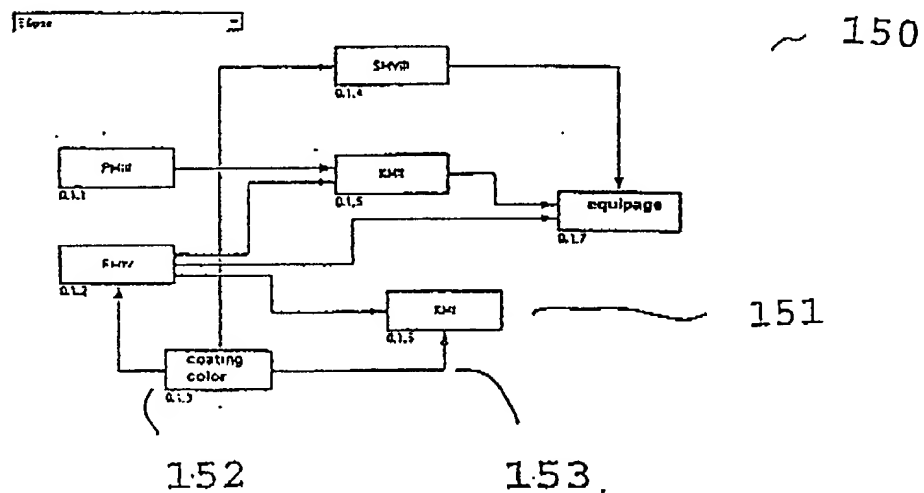
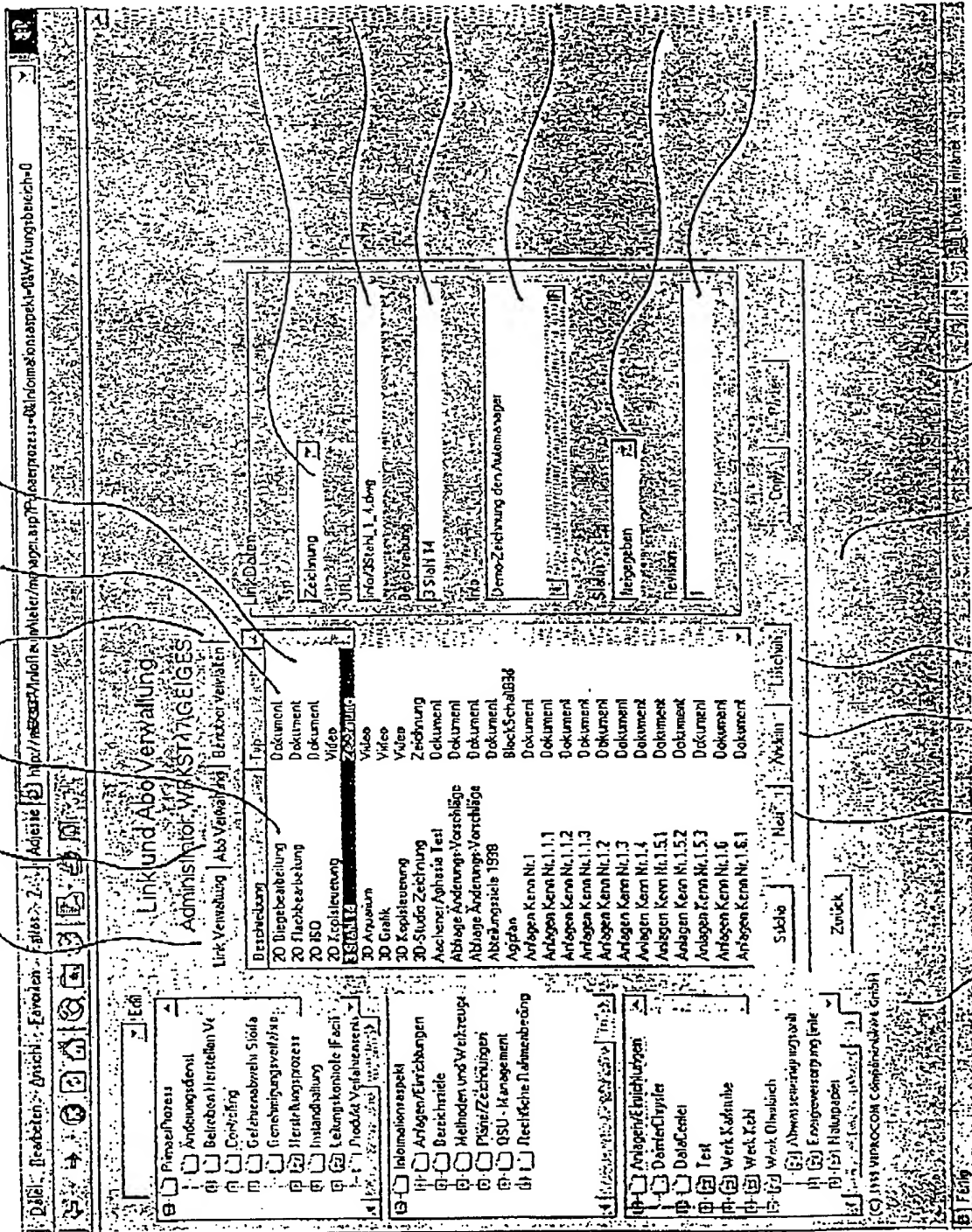


Fig. 17

13/14

139 138 137 136 135 134

141 142 144 143 145 140



51 131 132 133 130 54

Fig. 16

14/14

54

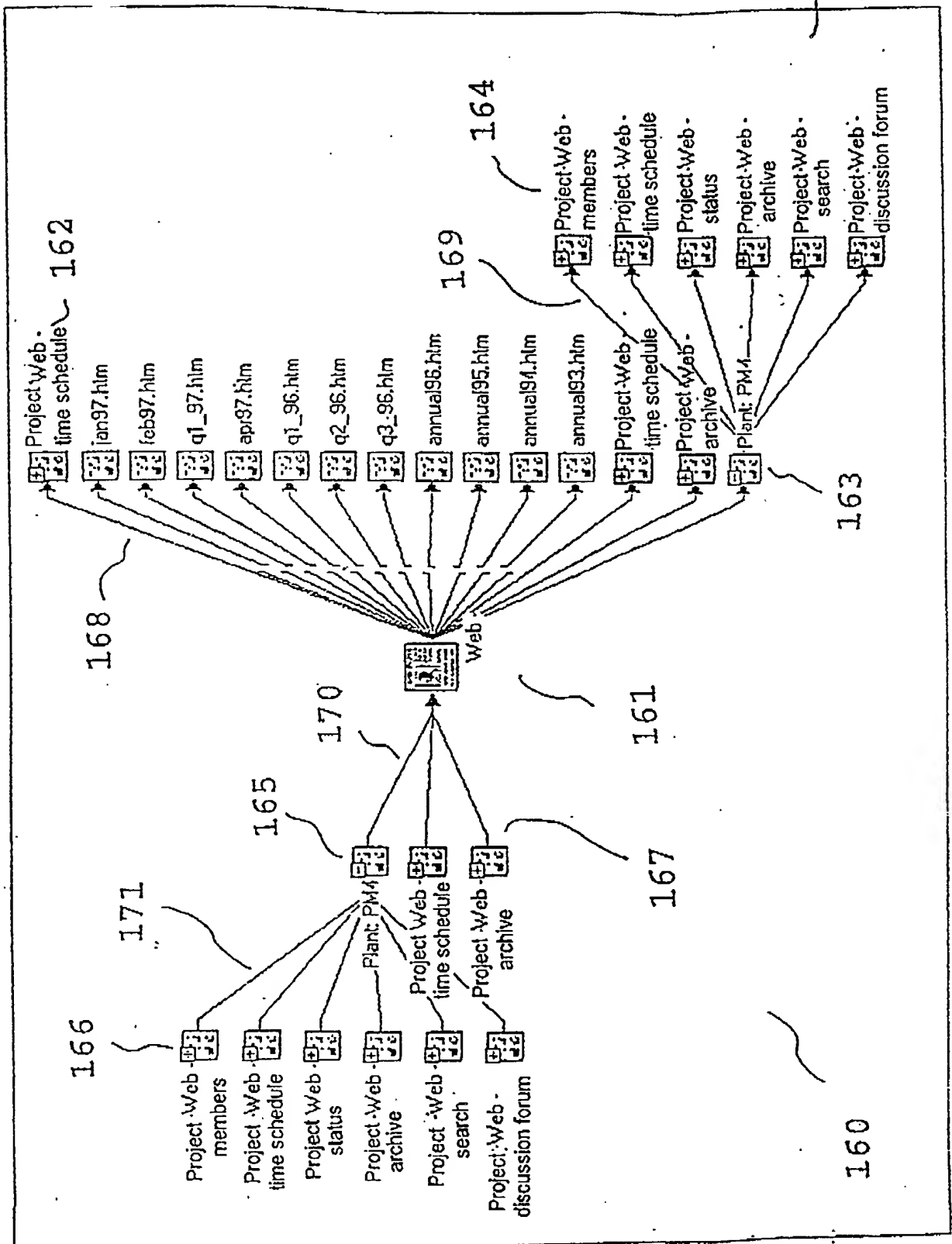


Fig. 18

DECLARATION AND POWER OF ATTORNEY - USA PATENT APPLICATION

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated below next to my name;

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled METHOD FOR PROCESSING DATA OBJECTS the specification of which:

- (a) ☐ is attached hereto; or
- (b) ☒ was filed on June 22, 2001 as Application No. 09/869,182.
- (c) ☒ was described and claimed in PCT International Application No. PCT/EP99/10377 filed on December 23, 1999.

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above;

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to the patentability of this application in accordance with Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56;

I hereby claim foreign priority benefits under Title 35, United States Code, § 119 of any foreign application(s) for patent, design or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) listed below and have also identified below any foreign application(s) for patent, design or inventor's certificate or any PCT international application(s) designating at least one country other than the United States of America filed for the same subject matter having a filing date before that of the application(s) of which priority is claimed:

PRIOR FOREIGN APPLICATION(S)

COUNTRY (OR INDICATE IF PCT)	APPLICATION NUMBER	DATE OF FILING (day, month, year)	PRIORITY CLAIMED UNDER 37 U.S.C. § 119	
Germany	198 60 008.9	23 December 1998	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> YES	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	NO <input type="checkbox"/>
			<input type="checkbox"/> YES	NO <input type="checkbox"/>

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, § 120 of any United States application(s) listed below, and insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code § 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office all information known to me to be material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, § 1.56, which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT international filing date of this application:

Prior U.S.A. Application(s)

Application No.: _____ Filing Date: _____ Status: _____

POWER OF ATTORNEY: I hereby appoint the registrants of Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear, LLP, 620 Newport Center Drive, Sixteenth Floor, Newport Beach, California 92660, Telephone (949) 760-0404, Customer No. 20,995.

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful, false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

100
Full name of sole or first inventor: Karl-Heinz Sternemann

Inventor's signature [Signature] Day 22 Month 08 Year 2001

Residence (city and country): Sessgasse 13a, 77830 Bühlertal, Germany DEX

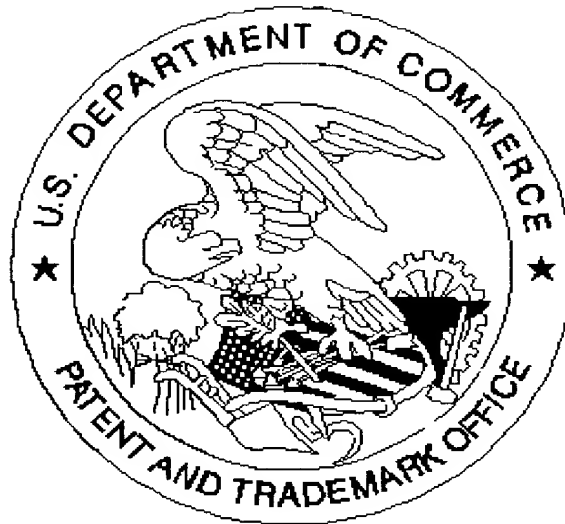
Citizenship: German

Post Office Address: Same as above.

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